Add Health Codebook Explorer (ACE)
Instructions

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Section 1: Introduction to ACE

There are three methods of finding variables in ACE. Users should choose the most appropriate method(s) based on their needs. These methods are Search, Browse by Topics, and Browse by Instruments [Figure 1].

Figure 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Search</th>
<th>Browse</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Field</td>
<td>Matches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Question or Response</td>
<td>contains</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Search allows users to find variables using a keyword, keyphrase, or Boolean search
Browse allows users to view lists of variables either by research Topics or by each of the six Add Health Instruments

Users are encouraged to take time to familiarize themselves with the ACE tool. For users who are familiar with Add Health data, it is best to use both Search and Browse:
1. Use Search to find variables by entering a keyword or phrase
2. Make note of the Topics listed next to each variable in the Search Results
3. Use Browse to look for relevant variables within each of these Topics
Section 2: General Information

When using Search or Browse by Topics, results will appear in a table [Figure 2].

![Figure 2](image)

Clicking on links under Question [Figure 3], Instrument(s) [Figure 4], or Topic(s) [Figure 5] will reveal more detailed information.

Clicking on the Question text link will reveal details about that question, such as which instruments included this question, variable name, the specific question wording used in each instrument, and response data¹ [Figure 3].

![Figure 3](image)

¹ Note: The frequencies of responses displayed for each variable are gathered from the Restricted-Use Data. The questions displayed here are identical to the questions in the Add Health Public-Use dataset, however the frequencies reflect all respondents from the full Restricted-Use dataset, while the Public-Use dataset contains only a subset of respondents. Information on how to apply for access to the Restricted-Use Data is available on our website.
Clicking on the Instrument(s) link will lead to information regarding that specific Add Health Survey Instrument [Figure 4], including a brief description of the instrument, and a comprehensive list of variable names and questions included in the instrument.

**Figure 4**

**Wave III In-Home Interview**

The Wave III Interview was designed to obtain relationship, marital, childbearing, and educational histories, and to date key labor force events. To enhance longitudinal measures, new sections on topics relevant to young adults were added. Interviews with 16,170 Wave I respondents were completed at Wave III. The Wave III In-Home Interview codebook provides the questions, variable names, and frequencies of responses from these respondents. Wave III data collection was conducted in 2001-2002 and included questions on many of the same topics asked about at Waves I and II, as well as questions appropriate for the young adult cohort aged 18 to 26. To learn more about the Wave III In-Home Interview, please visit the Add Health Wave III Study Design.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable Name</th>
<th>Question Text</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H3MN19</td>
<td>Have you ever signed a pledge to abstain from sex until marriage?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMONTH3</td>
<td>Month interview completed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDAY3</td>
<td>Day interview completed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Finally, clicking on the Topic(s) link will reveal a table listing every question that can be found within that Topic, which instruments included the question, and the other topics associated with each question [Figure 5].

**Figure 5**

**Topic: Language**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Instrument(s)</th>
<th>Topic(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Do you often buy recorded music that is sung in a language other than English?</td>
<td>Wave III In-Home Interview</td>
<td>Language</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do you often read newspapers, watch television shows, or listen to radio programs that are in a language other than English?</td>
<td>Wave III In-Home Interview</td>
<td>Language</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does the Interviewer Speak Another Language?</td>
<td>Wave III In-Home Interview</td>
<td>Interview Data; Language</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 3: Tips for Using ACE Browse by Topics

1. Check associated Topics in order to find all questions within a research area.

Many of Add Health’s Topics complement each other, and some questions may not be listed in each of these. Questions related to a research area may be found in multiple Topics. For example, questions related to general job information can be found under Labor Market/Occupation > Employment Status and/or Labor Market/Occupation > Occupation, depending on the context of the question [Figure 6].

![Figure 6](image-url)
Section 4: Tips for Using ACE Search

1. Be mindful of the drop-down options in the main Search box.

In order to return the most results, make sure Field = “Question or Response” and Matches = “contains.”

This will search for the keyword or keyphrase anywhere within both the question text AND response option text. Using the other dropdown options, such as Field = “Question”; Field = “Response”; Field = “Variable Name”, will limit the number of results generated to question text, response text, or variable name respectively.

Note that the “Matches” drop down box includes “is”, “contains”, “starts with”, “ends with” and “Boolean mode.” Do not use “is” or “ends with” unless you are certain of the question or response text you are searching for. The search does not exclude punctuation marks, so if you search for a question that ends with “your home?” you will only see questions or responses that contained a question mark at the end of the question.

The drop down options in the main Search box include Boolean mode searching. For Boolean mode matches, the ACE tool uses what is sometimes referred to as implied Boolean logic, in which:
+ stands for AND
- stands for NOT
[no operator] implies OR

2. Searching for a group of questions based only on keyword or phrase may not yield all of the possible questions related to that subject.

The Search feature finds questions based on the keyword or variable name entered, and this means the only questions that will be generated are those that feature the search terms used within the question, response, or variable name. For example, if a user tries to find all sleep-related questions by entering “sleep” into the Search bar, the search would not yield this question: In the past seven days, how often did you take a nap?
This is because the above question about naps does not contain the word “sleep.” In this case, it would be better to Browse by Topics for sleep-related questions in Physical Health > Sleep [Figure 9].

3. Be mindful of alternate wordings of some questions.

Many Add Health questions have been asked over multiple waves of the study. The wording of some of these questions has changed over time. For example, the question: Do you own a residence such as a house, condominium, or mobile home? [Figure 10]
This question appears in Waves III and IV. However, this question does not have the same wording across both waves. As seen in Figure 10, in Wave IV the question wording was changed to: Is your house, apartment, or residence owned or being bought by {YOU AND/OR YOUR SPOUSE/PARTNER}?

If a user searches for the question using the phrase “being bought by,” the search list will yield the “Master Question Text” instead of the specific Wave III question wording, since the Master Question Text references both the Wave III and Wave IV question wording [Figure 11].
Clicking on the question text will reveal both forms of the question [Figure 10].