# NATIONAL LONGITUDINAL STUDY OF ADOLESCENT TO ADULT HEALTH WAVE III COUNTY-LEVEL SEX RATIO DATA 

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This research uses data from Add Health, a program project directed by Kathleen Mullan Harris and designed by J. Richard Udry, Peter S. Bearman, and Kathleen Mullan Harris at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, and funded by grant P01-HD31921 from the Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health and Human Development, with cooperative funding from 23 other federal agencies and foundations. Special acknowledgment is due Ronald R. Rindfuss and Barbara Entwisle for assistance in the original design. Information on how to obtain the Add Health data files is available on the Add Health website (http://www.cpc.unc.edu/addhealth).

The construction of the Wave III County-Level Sex Ratio data was funded by Stanford University and led by Maja F. Falcon and Michael J. Rosenfeld.

## INTRODUCTION

The Add Health Wave III county-level sex ratio file, W3SEXROC, provides the sex ratios of males to females ages 18 to 29, 30-34, and 18 to 34, the proportion of males and females ages 18 to 34 , and the sex ratio of employed males 16 years and older to the total number of females 16 years and older for the white population and the black or African American population for Wave III respondent locations. This file adds additional racial refinement to variables available in Add Health's Wave III contextual database, CONTEXT3.

## Documentation Structure

This document includes this INTRODUCTION, a DATA DICTIONARY listing the actual contextual variables available and the source variables and formulae used to construct them, a SOURCE DESCRIPTION of the data source used in the assembly of this data file, and a standard CODEBOOK reporting variable values and frequencies.

## Data Form

The contextual data file contains one observation for each respondent in the Wave III Add Health survey. The first variable is the respondent identifier (the AID), which permits merging these contextual data with other Add Health data files. Except for AID, each variable is numeric. Variable order in the data reflects the order of presentation in the DATA DICTIONARY.

## Variable Naming Conventions

With the exception of AID, all variables in this contextual data file adhere to the following nomenclature:

1st character - Refers to the geographic area covered, which for all variables is the county-level (C).

2nd and 3rd characters - Identify the original data source as the Census of Population and Housing, 2000: Summary File 3 (SF).

4th character - Distinguishes these sex-ratio measures from other released variables constructed from the same Census source (S).

5th and 6th characters - These digits refer to the year that the variable represents. The year 2000 is denoted as (00).

7th and 8th characters - The final two unique digits, ranging from range from (01) to (10), distinguish the ten variables comprising this data file.

## Special Codes

Four reserve codes are used in this sex ratio file. They are as follows:

| Value | Reason for missing data |
| :--- | :--- |
| $6(96,996)$ | Geocode missing |
| $7(97,997)$ | No Black Males, Some <br> Black Females |
| $8(98,998)$ | Some Black Males, No <br> Black Females |
| $9(99,999)$ | No Black Males, No Black <br> Females |

The replacement code of $6(96,996)$ indicates that the geocode is missing for that respondent at Wave III. In some cases, the calculation of statistics present in the file produces a 0 . For instance, a county may not have any black or African American males but may have some black or African American females. The ratio of males to females would equal 0 for these estimates. Due to rounding to the nearest 0.01, counties populated by a total number of females that sufficiently exceeds that of males will also be represented by a 0 . The reserve code of 7 ( 97 , 997) distinguishes true zeros produced by a zero in the numerator from those generated as a result of rounding. Other counties may have some males but no females. In these cases, the value of $8(98,998)$ indicates that data are missing for that particular variable due to division by zero. Finally, a series of 9s identify counties that lack both females and males of a particular race.

Please note that these special reserve codes are inconsistent with previously released Add Health contextual data. For instance, other Wave III contextual files use the replacement code of 8,98 , etc. to denote geocode missing.

## DATA DICTIONARY

The following table provides a short description of the various variables comprising this data file, along with the formulae utilized in their construction.

| Variable <br> Name | Description | Formula |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CSFS0001 | Sex ratio of whites ages 18 to 29 in <br> a county (male/female) | $\left(\sum \mathrm{i}=07,08,09,10,11[\mathrm{P} 145 \mathrm{AO} \mathrm{i}]\right) /$ <br> $\left(\sum \mathrm{i}=31,32,33,34,35[\mathrm{P} 145 \mathrm{~A}] \mathrm{]}\right)$ |
| CSFS0002 | Sex ratio of whites ages 30 to 34 in <br> a county (male/female) | P145A012/P145A036 |
| CSFS0003 | Sex ratio of whites ages 18 to 34 in <br> a county (male/female) | $\left(\sum \mathrm{i}=07,08,09,10,11,12[\mathrm{P} 145 \mathrm{AO} \mathrm{i}]\right) /$ <br> $\left(\sum \mathrm{i}=31,32,33,34,35,36[\mathrm{P} 145 \mathrm{AOi}]\right)$ |


| CSFS0004 | Proportion of white men and women age 18 to 34 in a county | $\begin{aligned} & \left(\sum \mathrm{i}=07,08,09,10,11,12,31,32,33,34,35,36\right. \\ & {[\mathrm{P} 145 \text { AOi] }) / \text { T001_001 }} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CSFS0005 | Sex ratio of white men employed (16 years and older) to the total white women (16 years and older) in a county | (P150A004+P150A006)/P150A009 |
| CSFS0006 | Sex ratio of blacks or African Americans ages 18 to 29 in a county (male/female) | $\begin{aligned} & \left(\sum \mathrm{i}=07,08,09,10,11[\mathrm{P} 145 \mathrm{BOi}]\right) / \\ & (\Sigma \mathrm{i}=31,32,33,34,35[\mathrm{P} 145 \mathrm{BOi}]) \end{aligned}$ |
| CSFS0007 | Sex ratio of blacks or African Americans ages 30 to 34 in a county (male/female) | P145B012/P145B036 |
| CSFS0008 | Sex ratio of blacks or African Americans ages 18 to 34 in a county (male/female) | $\begin{aligned} & \left(\sum \mathrm{i}=07,08,09,10,11,12[\mathrm{P} 145 \mathrm{BOi}]\right) / \\ & \left(\sum \mathrm{i}=31,32,33,34,35,36[\mathrm{P} 145 \mathrm{BOi}]\right) \end{aligned}$ |
| CSFS0009 | Proportion of black or African American men and women age 18 to 34 in a county | $\begin{aligned} & \left(\sum \mathrm{i}=07,08,09,10,11,12,31,32,33,34,35,36\right. \\ & [\mathrm{P} 145 \mathrm{BOi}]) / \mathrm{TO01} 001 \end{aligned}$ |
| CSFS0010 | Sex ratio of black men employed (16 years and older) to the total black women (16 years and older) in a county | (P150B004+P150B006)/P150B009 |

## SOURCE DESCRIPTION

## SF 2000 Census of Population and Housing, Summary File 3

All variables provided in this file were constructed using estimates available in the US Census' Summary File 3 (SF3), which contains sample data compiled from the decennial Census' longform questionnaire completed by about 1 in 6 households. The Summary File 3 comprises detailed information on a variety of topics. For additional detail and technical documentation please consult the following: http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/doc/sf3.pdf. Social Explorer provided access to the original 2000 US Census estimates used in the construction of the variables comprising this Add Health data file (source: http://www.socialexplorer.com/).

A list of the variables from the 2000 Census Summary File 3 used to generate this county-level sex ratio data appears in the following table:

SF 2000 Census Summary File 3

| Source <br> Variable <br> Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| T001_001 | Total Population |
| P145A007 | White Male, 18 and 19 years |
| P145A008 | White Male, 20 years |
| P145A009 | White Male, 21 years |
| P145A010 | White Male, 22 to 24 years |
| P145A011 | White Male, 25 to 29 years |
| P145A012 | White Male, 30 to 34 years |
| P145A031 | White Female, 18 and 19 years |
| P145A032 | White Female, 20 years |
| P145A033 | White Female, 21 years |
| P145A034 | White Female, 22 to 24 years |
| P145A035 | White Female, 25 to 29 years |
| P145A036 | White Female, 30 to 34 years |
| P145B007 | Black or African American, Male, 18 and 19 years |
| P145B008 | Black or African American, Male, 20 years |
| P145B009 | Black or African American, Male, 21 years |
| P145B010 | Black or African American, Male, 22 to 24 years |
| P145B011 | Black or African American, Male, 25 to 29 years |
| P145B012 | Black or African American, Male, 30 to 34 years |
| P145B031 | Black or African American Female, 18 and 19 years |
| P145B032 | Black or African American Female, 20 years |
| P145B033 | Black or African American Female, 21 years |
| P145B034 | Black or African American Female, 22 to 24 years |
| P145B035 | Black or African American Female, 25 to 29 years |
| P145B036 | Black or African American Female, 30 to 34 years |
| P150A004 | White male, 16 years and over, in labor force, Armed Forces |
| P150A006 | White male, 16 years and over, in labor force, civilian, employed |
| P150A009 | White Female, 16 years and over |
| P150B004 | Black or African American Male, 16 years and over, in labor force, Armed Forces |
| P150B006 | Black or African American Male, 16 years and over, in labor force, civilian, <br> employed <br> P150B009 Black or African American Female, 16 years and over |

## CODEBOOK

Wave III: County-Level Sex Ratio Data (W3SEXROC.xpt)
Number of observations: 15,197

| AID |  | Char | Respondent identifier <br> NOTE: Smallest 5 and largest 5 values are displayed. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | Percent | Value | Label |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 10316654 |  |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 10316952 |  |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 10506342 |  |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 10570810 |  |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 10606128 |  |
| 15187 | $100 \%$ | Values <br> omitted | NOTE: Range of values omitted from display |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 99886993 |  |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 99886994 |  |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 99886995 |  |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 99886996 |  |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 99886999 |  |


| CSFS0001 |  | Num | Sex ratio of whites ages 18 to 29 in a county (male/female) <br> NOTE: Smallest 5 and largest 5 values are displayed. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | Percent | Value | Label |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 0.67 | .67 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 0.77 | .77 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 0.79 | .79 |


| 17 | $0 \%$ | 0.81 | .81 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 13 | $0 \%$ | 0.82 | .82 |
| 14836 | $98 \%$ | $.83-$ <br> 1.71 | NOTE: Range of values omitted from display |
| 2 | $0 \%$ | 1.77 | 1.77 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 1.78 | 1.78 |
| 15 | $0 \%$ | 2.11 | 2.11 |
| 2 | $0 \%$ | 2.15 | 2.15 |
| 308 | $2 \%$ | 6 | geocode missing |


| CSFS0002 |  | Num | Sex ratio of whites ages 30 to 34 in a county (male/female) <br> NOTE: Smallest 5 and largest 5 values are displayed. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | Percent | Value | Label |
| 2 | $0 \%$ | 0.70 | .7 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 0.71 | .71 |
| 2 | $0 \%$ | 0.72 | .72 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 0.78 | .78 |
| 3 | $0 \%$ | 0.81 | .81 |
| 14873 | $98 \%$ | $.82-$ <br> 1.79 | NOTE: Range of values omitted from display |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 1.91 | 1.91 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 2.02 | 2.02 |
| 3 | $0 \%$ | 2.15 | 2.15 |
| 2 | $0 \%$ | 2.47 | 2.47 |
| 308 | $2 \%$ | 6 | geocode missing |


| CSFS0003 |  | Num | Sex ratio of whites ages 18 to 34 in a county (male/female) <br> NOTE: Smallest 5 and largest 5 values are displayed. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | Percent | Value | Label |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 0.73 | .73 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 0.78 | .78 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 0.82 | .82 |
| 7 | $0 \%$ | 0.83 | .83 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 0.84 | .84 |
| 14859 | $98 \%$ | $.85-$ <br> 1.76 | NOTE: Range of values omitted from display |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 1.77 | 1.77 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 1.79 | 1.79 |
| 15 | $0 \%$ | 1.87 | 1.87 |
| 2 | $0 \%$ | 2.11 | 2.11 |
| 308 | $2 \%$ | 6 | geocode missing |


| CSFS0004 |  | Num | Proportion of white men and women age 18 to 34 in a county <br> NOTE: Smallest 5 and largest 5 values are displayed. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | Percent | Value | Label |
| 138 | $1 \%$ | 0.04 | .04 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 0.05 | .05 |
| 411 | $3 \%$ | 0.06 | .06 |
| 44 | $0 \%$ | 0.07 | .07 |
| 10 | $0 \%$ | 0.08 | .08 |
| 14263 | $94 \%$ | $.09-.38$ | NOTE: Range of values omitted from display |


| 14 | $0 \%$ | 0.39 | .39 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | $0 \%$ | 0.42 | .42 |
| 2 | $0 \%$ | 0.44 | .44 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 0.45 | .45 |
| 308 | $2 \%$ | 6 | geocode missing |


| CSFS0005 |  | Num | Sex ratio of white men employed (16 years and older) to the <br> total white women (16 years and older) in a county <br> NOTE: Smallest 5 and largest 5 values are displayed. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | Percent | Value | Label |
| 5 | $0 \%$ | 0.33 | .33 |
| 123 | $1 \%$ | 0.37 | .37 |
| 6 | $0 \%$ | 0.38 | .38 |
| 13 | $0 \%$ | 0.40 | .4 |
| 15 | $0 \%$ | 0.41 | .41 |
| 14705 | $97 \%$ | $.42-$ | NOTE: Range of values omitted from display |
| 15 | $0 \%$ | 1.05 | 1.05 |
| 4 | $0 \%$ | 1.07 | 1.07 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 1.10 | 1.1 |
| 15 | $0 \%$ | 1.26 | 1.26 |
| 2 | $2 \%$ | 6 | geocode missing |
| 308 |  |  |  |


| CSFS0006 |  | Num | Sex ratio of blacks or African Americans ages 18 to 29 in a <br> county (male/female) <br> NOTE: Smallest 5 and largest 5 values are displayed. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | Percent | Value | Label |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 0.15 | . .15 |
| 2 | $0 \%$ | 0.17 | .17 |
| 3 | $0 \%$ | 0.30 | .3 |
| 2 | $0 \%$ | 0.31 | .31 |
| 3 | $0 \%$ | 0.33 | .33 |
| 14600 | $96 \%$ | $.41-$ <br> 80.00 | NOTE: Range of values omitted from display |
| 2 | $2 \%$ | 85.29 | 85.29 |
| 308 | $0 \%$ | 97 | no black males, some black females |
| 44 | $1 \%$ | 98 | some black males, no black females |
| 144 | $1 \%$ | 99 | no black males, no black females |
| 88 |  |  | geocode missing |


| CSFS0007 |  | Num | Sex ratio of blacks or African Americans ages 30 to 34 in a <br> county (male/female) <br> NOTE: Smallest 5 and largest 5 values are displayed. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | Percent | Value | Label |
| 131 | $1 \%$ | 0.11 | .11 |
| 2 | $0 \%$ | 0.12 | .12 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 0.14 | .14 |
| 7 | $0 \%$ | 0.18 | .18 |
| 2 | $0 \%$ | 0.19 | .19 |


| 14068 | $93 \%$ | $.2-56.00$ | NOTE: Range of values omitted from display |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 107.00 | 107.00 |
| 308 | $2 \%$ | 996 | geocode missing |
| 231 | $2 \%$ | 997 | no black males, some black females |
| 154 | $1 \%$ | 998 | some black males, no black females |
| 292 | $2 \%$ | 999 | no black males, no black females |


| CSFS0008 |  | Num | Sex ratio of blacks or African Americans ages 18 to 34 in a county (male/female) <br> NOTE: Smallest 5 and largest 5 values are displayed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | Percent | Value | Label |
| 2 | 0\% | 0.08 | . 08 |
| 2 | 0\% | 0.16 | . 16 |
| 7 | 0\% | 0.27 | . 27 |
| 131 | 1\% | 0.30 | . 3 |
| 5 | 0\% | 0.32 | . 32 |
| 14526 | 96\% | $\begin{aligned} & .42- \\ & 83.73 \end{aligned}$ | NOTE: Range of values omitted from display |
| 1 | 0\% | 124.00 | 124.00 |
| 308 | 2\% | 996 | geocode missing |
| 70 | 0\% | 997 | no black males, some black females |
| 111 | 1\% | 998 | some black males, no black females |
| 34 | 0\% | 999 | no black males, no black females |


| CSFS0009 |  | Num | Proportion of black or African American men and women age <br> 18 to 34 in a county <br> NOTE: Smallest 5 and largest 5 values are displayed. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | Percent | Value | Label |
| 2712 | $18 \%$ | 0.00 | .00 (rounding artifact) |
| 2322 | $15 \%$ | 0.01 | .01 |
| 2985 | $20 \%$ | 0.02 | .02 |
| 1045 | $7 \%$ | 0.03 | .03 |
| 600 | $4 \%$ | 0.04 | .04 |
| 4857 | $32 \%$ | $.05-.15$ | NOTE: Range of values omitted from display |
| 310 | $2 \%$ | 0.16 | .16 |
| 22 | $0 \%$ | 0.17 | .17 |
| 2 | $0 \%$ | 0.18 | .18 |
| 308 | $2 \%$ | 6 | geocode missing |
| 34 | $0 \%$ | 9 | no black males, no black females |


| CSFS0010 |  | Num | Sex ratio of black men employed (16 years and older) to the <br> total black women (16 years and older) in a county <br> NOTE: Smallest 5 and largest 5 values are displayed. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | Percent | Value | Label |
| 2 | $0 \%$ | 0.05 | .05 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 0.06 | .06 |
| 5 | $0 \%$ | 0.09 | .09 |
| 46 | $0 \%$ | 0.10 | 0.1 |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 0.13 | .13 |


| 14589 | $96 \%$ | $.21-$ <br> 8.00 | NOTE: Range of values omitted from display |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | $0 \%$ | 21.00 | 21.00 |
| 308 | $2 \%$ | 96 | geocode missing |
| 208 | $1 \%$ | 97 | no black males, some black females |
| 7 | $0 \%$ | 98 | some black males, no black females |
| 29 | $0 \%$ | 99 | no black males, no black females |

## NOTE:

Nine percent of whites interviewed in Wave III lived in locations where the black sex ratio was derived from less than 50 black men and less than 50 black women. These locations are places where population density and total population are low.

